

Exam. Code : 211001

Subject Code : 3838

M.Sc. Mathematics I<sup>st</sup> Semester

DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Paper : MATH-555

Time Allowed—3 Hours] [Maximum Marks—100

**Note** :— Attempt **five** questions consisting of **one** from each section and **fifth** question can be attempted from any section.

## SECTION—A

1. (i) Find the characteristic values and characteristic functions of the Sturm-Liouville Problem

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} + \lambda y = 0, y(0) - y'(0) = 0, y(\pi) - y'(\pi) = 0. \quad 10$$

- (ii) State and prove Sturm's Fundamental Comparison Theorem. 10

2. (i) Check the existence and uniqueness of solution of the initial value problem  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y^2, y(1) = -1$ .  
Hence solve it. 10

- (ii) (a) Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of parabolas  $y = cx^2$  and draw its diagram. 5
- (b) Compute the first four successive approximations of the problem  $y' = 1 + xy$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ . 5

**SECTION—B**

3. (i) State and prove Convolution Theorem for Laplace Transform. 10
- (ii) Solve the initial-value problem using Laplace transform  $\frac{dY}{dt} - 2Y = e^{5t}$ ,  $Y(0) = 3$ . 10
4. (i) Let  $F$  be a real valued function which is continuous for  $t \geq 0$  and of exponential order  $c^{at}$ . Let  $F'$  be piecewise continuous in every finite closed interval  $0 \leq t \leq b$ . Then  $L(F')$  exists for  $s > a$  and  $L\{F'(t)\} = sL\{F(t)\} - F(0)$ . 10
- (ii) (a) Find  $L^{-1}\left[\frac{1}{s^2 + \cos 13}\right]$ . 5
- (b) Find  $L\{\sin at \sin bt\}$ . 5

## SECTION—C

5. (i) (a) Define Fourier transform and its inverse transform. 2
- (b) State and prove the linear property of Fourier transform. 4
- (c) State and prove the shifting property of Fourier transform. 4
- (ii) State and prove the convolution theorem for Fourier Transforms ; also find the Fourier Cosine transform of  $e^{-ax}$ ,  $a > 0$ . 10

6. (i) Find the Fourier transform of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - |x|, & |x| < 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases} \quad \text{Hence deduce that}$$

$$\int_0^{\infty} \left( \frac{\sin t}{t} \right)^4 dt = \frac{\pi}{3}. \quad 10$$

- (ii) Solve the differential equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} - 4 \frac{dy}{dt} + 2y = \cos t \quad \text{using Fourier transform.}$$

10

## SECTION—D

7. (i) Find the generating function for Hermite polynomial and establish the relation between  $H_n(x)$  and  $H_n(-x)$  using generating functions.

10

(ii) State and prove Rodrigue's Formula for Legendre Polynomials. 10

8. (i) Obtain the orthogonality relating for Laguerre polynomials. 10

(ii) Prove that  $e^{\frac{x}{2}\left(u-\frac{1}{u}\right)}$  is generating function of Bessel functions. 10